Approved—August the minth, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight.

HENRY H. SIBLEY.

Segretary's Office, Minnesota, 1 August 9, 1858.

I hereby certify the foregoing to be a true copy of the original on file in this office.

Francis Baasen, Secretary of State.

CHAPTER LXXXI.

An Act to provide for the regulation of County Jaile.

- SECTION I. Prisons to be established in every county.

 - 2. Grand Juries to examine prisons, an I report.
 2. Sheriffs or their deputies required to keep the jail—Separate cells for males and females.
 - 4. Court of heaping definedant imprisoned on civil suit, to be paid by pinint's.
 5. Court of heaping criminals to be paid by county board.
 6. Prisoners confined by present Court—Sheris's evidence to retain in our

 - 7. Commitments and liberations of prisoners to be regularly fied by Sheriff or teller.

 - 2. Delivery thereof to successor in effice.

 5. Authority to confine principles for arises consultted in one county, in the fail of another county.

 1A. Fugilives from justice or labor in this State, may be confined in any county
 - بالحز
 - Javenile pringers—their treatment.
 Repeal of agts inconsistent.

 - pl. Act takes effect on passage.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

SECTION 1. That there shall be established and kept in Prince to be every county, by authority of the Board of County Super-tablished in overy visors, and at the expense of the county, a prison for the

safe keeping of prisoners lawfully committed.

SEC. 2. That the Grand Jury at each term of the Circuit Grand levies to Court, shall make personal inspection of the condition of the granter prints county prison, as to the sufficiency of the same for the safe and report. keeping of prisoners, their convenient accommodation and health, and shall inquire into the manner in which the same has been kept since the last term; and the Court shall give this duty in special charge to such Grand Jury, and it shall be imperative upon the Board of Supervisors to issue the necessary orders, or cause to be made the necessary repairs,

in accordance with the complaint or recommendation of the

Grand Jury.

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Szc. 8. The Sheriff of the county, by himself or deputy, shall keep the iail, and shall be responsible for the manner. the required in which the same is kept; he shall keep separate rooms for the sexes, except where they are lawfully married; he shall

provide proper meat, drink and fuel for prisoners.

The cost of keeping a defendant imprisoned by civil process shall be taxed as costs against the plaintiff the basis of the parties of forty cents per day, and if such plainwith to post tiff shall fail to pay the same in advance, the defendant may be discharged, but such costs may afterwards be recovered; against the defendant.

SEC. 5. أحداها وأواسا

Whenever a prisoner is committed for crime or be be padded in any suit in behalf of the State, the County Board shall. allow the Sheriff his reasonable charge for supplying such-

prisoner.

SEC. 6. When a prisoner is confined by virtue of any process directed to the Sheriff, and which shall require to be returned to the Court, whence it issued, such Sheriff shallkeep a copy of the same, together with his returns made thereon, which copy, duly certified by such Sheriff, shall beprima facie evidence of his right to retain such prizoner in custody.

SEC. 7. All instruments of every kind, or attested copiesto be field by thereof, by which a prisoner is committed or liberated, shallbe regularly endorsed and filled, and safely kept in a suitablebox by such Sheriff, or by his deputy, acting as a jailor.

SEC. 8. Such box, with its contents, shall be delivered to-

the successor of the officer having charge of the prison.

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SEC. 9. When there is no sufficient prison in any county to wherein any criminal offense shall have been committed, any Judge of the Circuit Court of such county, upon application of the Sheriff, may order any person charged with a criminal offense, and ordered to be committed to prison, to be sent to the jail of the county nearest having a sufficient jail; and the Sheriff of such nearest county shall, on exhibit of such Judge's order, receive and keep in custody, in the jail of his county, the prisoner ordered to be committed as aforesaid, at the expense of the county from which said prisoner was sent; and the said Sheriff shall, upon the order of the Circuit Court, or a Judge thereof re-deliver such prisoner, when demanded.

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Sza, 10, Any county jail may be used for the safe keeping of any fugitive from justice or labor in this State, in accordance with the provisions of any act of Congress, and the jailor shall, in this case, be entitled to reasonable compensation for the support and custody of such fugitive from the officer having him in custody.

SEC. 11. Juvenile prisoners shall be treated with humanity, and in a manner calculated to promote their reformation; they shall be kept, if the jail will admit of it, in apartments Juvenile prisonseparate from those containing more experienced and har-on-their treat-dened criminals; the visits of parents, guardians and friends ment who desire to exert a moral influence over them, shall at all reasonable times, be permitted.

Sec. 12. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this

Act, are hereby repealed.

SEC. 13. This Act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication.

GEORGE BRADLEY, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

WILLIAM. HOLCOMBE,
President of the Senate.

APPROVED -- August the second, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight.

HENRY H. SIBLEY.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Minnesota, August 2, 1858.

I hereby certify the foregoing to be a true copy of the original on file in this office.

Francis Baasen, Secretary of State.

CHAPTER LXXXII.

An Act to provide for the assessment and collection of a Tax for State purposes for the year 1859, and for the better collection of taxes heretofore levied.

SECTION 1. Lavy of five mill tax for the year 1859, for State purposes.

- Proper officers of the several counties required to assess and cellect the same.
- Auditor of State authorized to extend time for collection of taxes, in case of default, neglect or delay in making assessment.
- Penalty for default or neglect of township officer to make assessment on collection.
- 5. Act takes effect on passage.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

SECTION 1. There is hereby levied on all of the taxable property in the State of Minnesota, for the year (1859), one Fivemili tax for thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, a tax at the rate of five mills on the dollar for the use of the State, including the sum to be raised as a sinking fund, and for interest of the